

SITE AND ZONING TABULATIONS

TAX MAP ID: 079-01-01-57-00, 079-01-01-58-00, 079-01-01-59-00, 079-01-01-60-00, 079-01-01-61-00, 079-01-01-62-00, 079-01-01-63-00, 079-01-01-64-00, 079-01-01-65-00, 079-01-01-66-00.
 CURRENT ZONING: R-1 LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
 EXISTING USE: SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL
 PROPOSED USE: UNCHANGED

GENERAL NOTES

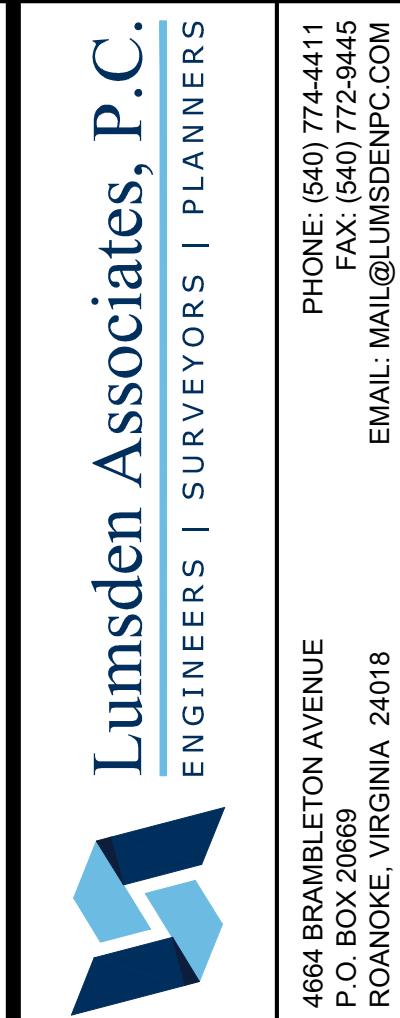
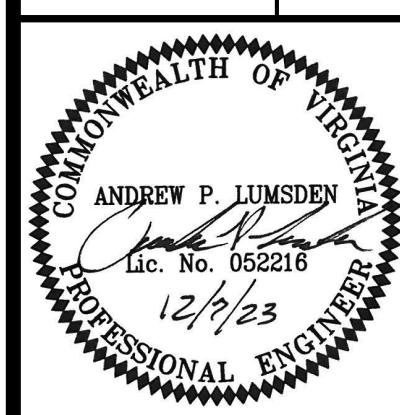
1. OWNER/DEVELOPER ROANOKE COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES, BOX 28000 ROANOKE, VA 24018
2. THE BOUNDARIES ARE THE DIRECT RESULT OF A FIELD SURVEY BY LUMSDEN ASSOCIATES, P.C.
3. TOPOGRAPHY DATA BASED ON A FIELD SURVEY BY LUMSDEN ASSOCIATES, P.C. IN 2023.
4. NO CURRENT TITLE REPORT HAS BEEN FURNISHED FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTIES.
5. NO PORTION OF THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF FLOOD HAZARD AREA. THIS OPINION IS BASED ON AN INSPECTION OF THE FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP #S1161C0256G, DATED SEPTEMBER 28, 2007.
6. NO CONSTRUCTION/FIELD REVISIONS ARE ALLOWED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE CONSULTING ENGINEER, ROANOKE COUNTY, AND/OR THE VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.
7. ANY NEW ALIGNMENTS, CHANGES IN GRADES, ALTERNATE PIPE SIZES, MANHOLES, OR ESC MEASURES WILL REQUIRE A NEW SET OF PLANS STAMPED BY THE CONSULTING ENGINEER. PLAN SHEETS CAN BE 8.5 x 11 IF THE INFORMATION IS LEGIBLE AND WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE APPROVED PLANS.
8. ANY TOPOGRAPHIC CHANGES FROM THE APPROVED PLANS MAY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AND EASEMENTS AS DEEMED NECESSARY BY ROANOKE COUNTY.

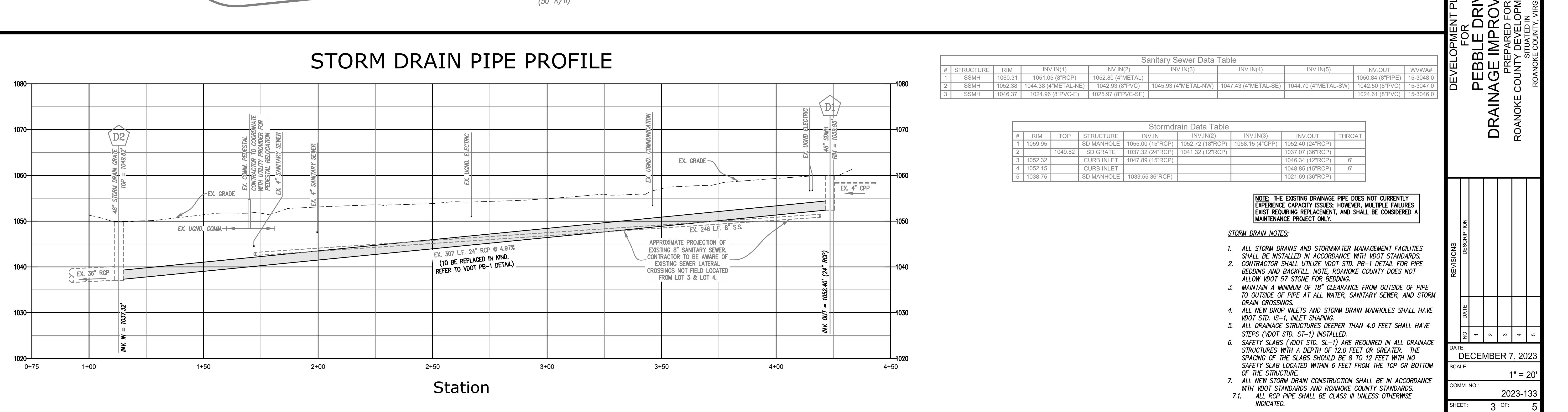
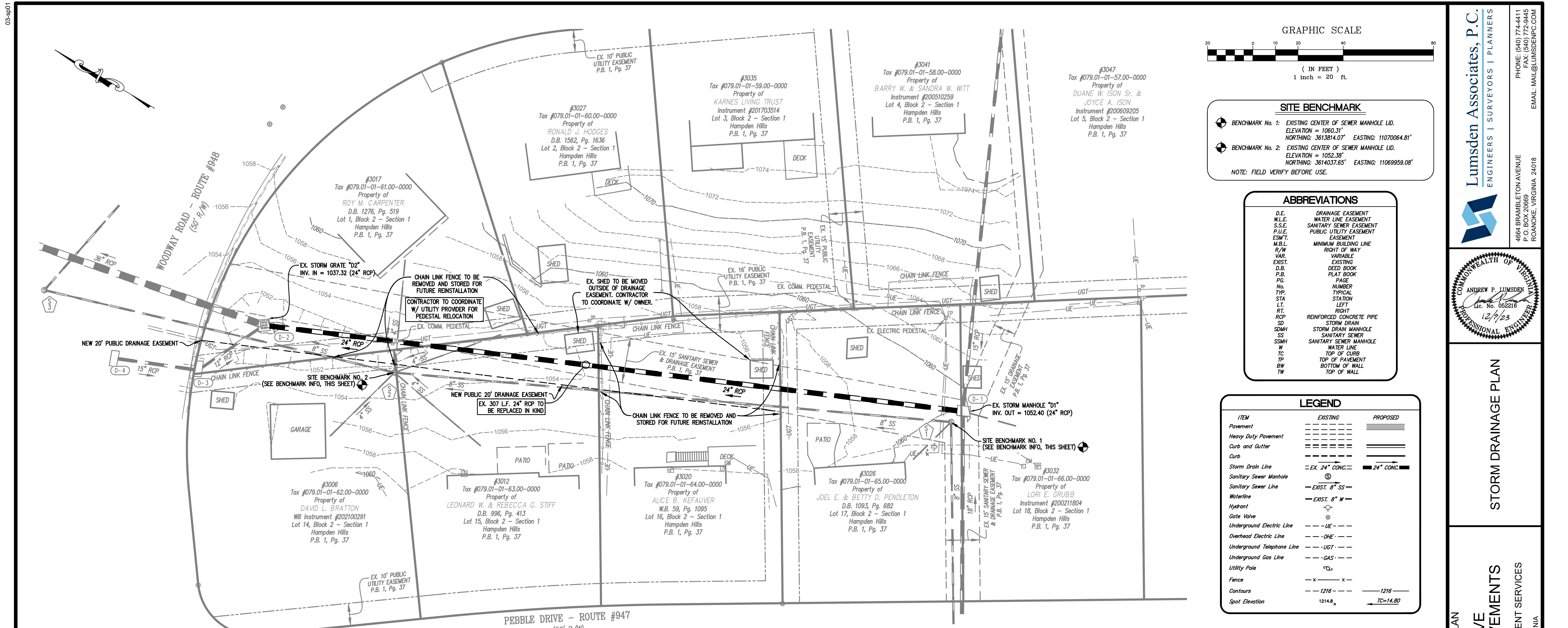
CONSTRUCTION NOTES

1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE CURRENT COUNTY OF ROANOKE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND THE CURRENT EDITION OF VDOT'S ROAD AND BRIDGE STANDARDS.
2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFYING THE OWNER AND THE ENGINEER OF ANY CHANGES OR CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO PERMITS OBTAINED FROM ANY AUTHORITY ISSUING PERMITS.
3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VISIT THE SITE AND VERIFY EXISTING CONDITIONS PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION.
4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE LOCATIONS OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION.
5. SEE VDOT ROAD AND BRIDGE STANDARDS FOR STORM DRAIN DETAILS.
6. THE CONTRACTOR AND OR OWNER SHALL PROVIDE A STORAGE CONTAINER FOR TEMPORARY STORAGE AND DISPOSAL OF LAND CLEARANCE DEBRIS AND BUILDING MATERIALS. ON-SITE BURIAL OF MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED.
7. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANS IN AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK BY CONTACTING MISS UTILITY. CONTACT SITE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY IF LOCATION OR ELEVATION IS DIFFERENT FROM THAT SHOWN ON THE PLANS. IF THERE APPEARS TO BE A CONFLICT, AND UPON DISCOVERY OF ANY UTILITY NOT SHOWN ON THIS PLAN, CALL "MISS UTILITY OF CENTRAL VIRGINIA AT 1-800-552-7001".
8. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO CLEAN OUT ANY EXISTING STORM SEWER SYSTEM IN THE EVENT THEY BECOME SILENT OR BLOCKED IN ANY WAY DUE TO THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT.
9. ROANOKE COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES SHALL COORDINATE REMOVAL AND RELOCATION OF SMALL LANDSCAPING PLANTS CONFLICTING WITH CONSTRUCTION WITH INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY OWNERS.
10. ROANOKE COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES SHALL COORDINATE WITH SURVEYOR TO RESET PROPERTY MONUMENTATION LOST IN THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION.

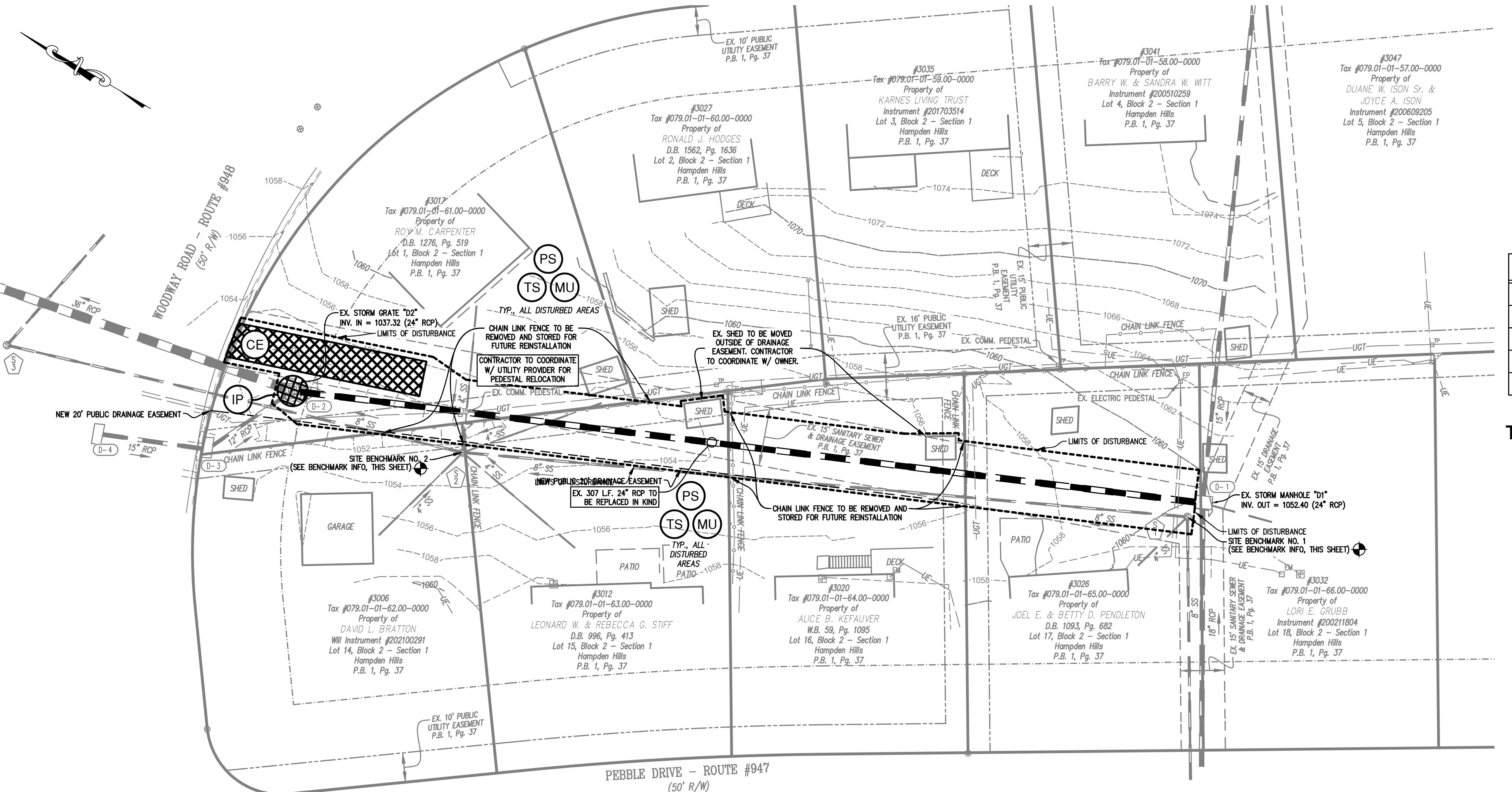
GRADING NOTES

1. AREAS TO BE GRADED SHALL BE CLEARED OF ALL VEGETATION, STRUCTURES, AND OTHER PHYSICAL FEATURES IN PREPARATION OF GRADING.
2. TOPSOIL SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE CLEARED AREA AND STOCKPILED FOR FUTURE USE.
3. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE FROM ORGANIC MATTER AND ROCKS LARGER THAN 6 INCHES IN DIAMETER.
4. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED AND COMPAKTED IN EIGHT (8) INCH LOOSE LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO AT LEAST NINETY-FIVE (95) PERCENT OF THE MATERIAL'S MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AS DETERMINED BY ASTM D698, STANDARD PROCTOR. MAINTAIN MOISTURE CONTENT OF FILL MATERIAL WITHIN THREE (3) PERCENT OF OPTIMUM TO ATTAIN REQUIRED COMPAKCTION DENSITY.
5. A QUALIFIED GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, LICENSED IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA, SHOULD BE CONSULTED CONCERNING SOIL STABILITY, SLOPE STABILIZATION, SOIL COMPAKCTION, TESTING, AND OTHER SOIL CHARACTERISTICS. LUMSDEN ASSOCIATES ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY RELATING TO FAILURES RESULTING FROM SAME.

 <p>Lumsden Associates, P.C. ENGINEERS SURVEYORS PLANNERS</p>		<p>4664 BRAMBLETON AVENUE P.O. BOX 20689 ROANOKE, VIRGINIA 24018</p>																
		PHONE: (540) 774-4411	FAX: (540) 772-9445															
 <p>ANDREW P. LUMSDEN LIC. NO. 052216 12/13/23 PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING</p>		<p>NOTES & DETAILS</p>																
<p>DEVELOPMENT PLAN FOR PEBBLE DRIVE DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS PREPARED FOR ROANOKE COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES SITUATED IN ROANOKE COUNTY, VIRGINIA</p>		<p>REVISIONS NO. DATE DESCRIPTION</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		1			2			3			4			5		
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<p>SHEET: 2 OF: 5</p>																		



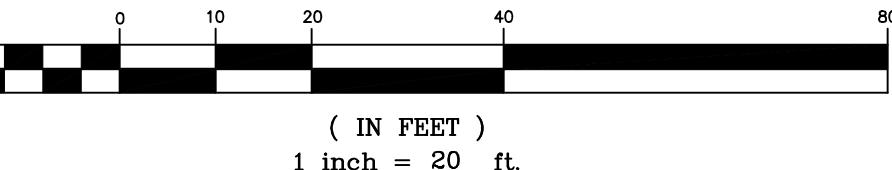
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CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

1. THE CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFIED RESPONSIBLE LAND DISTURBER (RLD) SHALL BE NAMED AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS.
2. INSTALL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE (CE) AND INLET PROTECTION (IP) TO PREVENT SEDIMENT TRANSPORT OFFSITE.
3. REMOVE CHAIN LINK FENCE AS SHOWN AND STORE FOR FUTURE REINSTALLATION.
4. COMMENCE REMOVAL OF EXISTING STORM DRAIN PIPE AND INSTALLATION OF REPLACEMENT STORM DRAIN PIPE. THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS SHOULD BE SEQUENCED AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE SO THAT EACH AREA IS SEEDED AND STABILIZED PRIOR TO BEGINNING GRADING AND STORM DRAIN PIPE REPLACEMENT OPERATIONS IN ANOTHER AREA. CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE CONSTRUCTION TIMING IS DURING A FORECASTED DRY PERIOD AS BEST PRACTICAL.
5. COMPLETE FINAL GRADING AND INSTALL PERMANENT SEEDING AS SOON AS IS PRACTICABLE.
6. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE AND REINSTALL CHAIN LINK FENCE, LANDSCAPING, AND PERSONAL PROPERTY WITH INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY OWNERS.
7. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL REMAIN IN-PLACE AND FUNCTIONAL UNTIL ALL DISTURBED AREAS ARE FULLY STABILIZED. REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ONLY WITH THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE ROANOKE COUNTY INSPECTOR.

GRAPHIC SCALE



WHITE BENCHMARK

- BENCHMARK No. 1: EXISTING CENTER OF SEWER MANHOLE LID.
ELEVATION = 1060.31'
NORTHING: 3613814.07' EASTING: 11070064.81'
- BENCHMARK No. 2: EXISTING CENTER OF SEWER MANHOLE LID.
ELEVATION = 1052.38'
NORTHING: 3614037.65' EASTING: 11069959.08'

NOTE: FIELD VERIFY BEFORE USE.

***TOTAL PROPOSED*
TURBANCE = 7,600 S.F.**

NO.	TITLE	KEY	SYMBOL
02	TEMPORARY GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE	CE	
07	INLET PROTECTION	IP	
31	TEMPORARY SEEDING	TS	
32	PERMANENT SEEDING	PS	
35	MULCHING	MU	

THIS SHEET IS FOR EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL ONLY

TO
SPS
MU

NOTE:
ALTHOUGH TOPSOILING, TEMPORARY & PERMANENT SEEDING AND MULCHING SYMBOLS ARE SHOWN IN SPECIFIC LOCATIONS ON THE PLANS, ALL DISTURBED AREA NOT RECEIVING PAVEMENT, Hardscape OR OTHER PERMANENT STABILIZATION SHALL BE TOPSOILED, SEDED AND MULCHED

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

**PEBBLE DRIVE
DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS**
PREPARED FOR
ROANOKE COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
SITUATED IN
ROANOKE COUNTY, VIRGINIA

1	2	3	4	5

CEMBER 7, 2023

1" = 20'

NO.: 2023-133

4 OF: 5

CONTRACTOR SHALL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM STANDARDS:

- Permanent or temporary soil stabilization shall be applied to denuded areas within 7 days after final grade is reached on any portion of the site. Temporary soil stabilization shall be applied within 7 days to denuded areas that may not be at final grade but will remain dormant for longer than 14 days. Permanent stabilization shall be applied to areas that are to be left dormant for more than one year. **APPLY SEEDING MIXTURES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATIONS 3.31 AND 3.32 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK (VESCO) TO ALL AREAS THAT DO NOT HAVE A NON-ERODABLE SURFACE AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN.**
- During construction of the project, soil stock piles and borrow areas shall be stabilized or protected with sediment trapping measures. No application is responsible for the temporary protection and permanent stabilization of all soil stockpiles and borrow areas. All soil and soil intentionally transported from the project site. **ON-SITE SOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH SILT FENCE INSTALLED AT THE TOE OF THE FILE ON ALL DOWN GRADIENT SLOPES THOUGH NO STOCKPILES ARE PROPOSED FOR THIS PROJECT.**
- A permanent vegetative cover shall be established on denuded areas not otherwise permanently stabilized. Permanent vegetation shall not be considered established until a ground cover is achieved that is uniform, mature enough to survive and will inhibit erosion. **SEE MINIMUM STANDARD 1.**
- Sediment basins and traps, perimeter dikes, sediment barriers and other measures intended to protect sediment shall be constructed as a first step in any land-disturbing activity and shall be made before use of land-disturbing activities takes place. **NO SEDIMENT TRAPS, BASINS, OR DIKES ARE PROPOSED WITH THIS PROJECT.**
- Stabilization measures shall be applied to earth structures such as dams, dikes and diversions immediately after installation. **APPLY TEMPORARY SEEDING TO ANY EARTHEN STRUCTURES IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION.**
- Sediment traps and sediment basins shall be designed and constructed based upon the total drainage area to be served by the trap or basin.
 - The minimum storage capacity of a sediment trap shall be 134 cubic yards per acre of drainage area and the trap shall only control drainage areas less than three acres.
 - Surface runoff from disturbed areas that is comprised of flow from drainage areas greater than or equal to three acres shall be controlled by a sediment basin. The minimum storage capacity of a sediment basin shall be 134 cubic yards per acre of drainage area. The total storage shall be a minimum of 25 cubic yards of a minimum, maintain the structural integrity of the basin during a 25-year storm of 2-hour duration. Runoff coefficients used in runoff calculations shall correspond to a bare earth condition or those conditions expected to exist while the sediment basin is utilized.
- NO SEDIMENT TRAPS OR BASINS ARE PROPOSED WITH THIS PROJECT.**
- Cut and fill slopes shall be designed and constructed in a manner that will minimize erosion. Slopes that are found to be eroding excessively within one year of permanent stabilization shall be provided with additional slope stabilizing measures until the problem is corrected. **AREAS TO RECEIVE PERMANENT SEEDING ARE TO BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY. RESEED ANY AREAS THAT DO NOT HAVE AN ESTABLISHMENT OF A GOOD STAND OF GRASS AFTER INITIAL APPLICATION OF PERMANENT SEEDING. ADDITIONAL SLOPES STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE TO BE CONSIDERED AS CONDITIONS DICTATE.**
- Concentrated runoff shall not flow down cut and fill slopes unless contained within an adequate temporary or permanent channel, flume or slope drain structure. **NO CONCENTRATED RUNOFF SHALL FLOW DOWN CUT OR FILL SLOPES BUT SHALL BE DIVERTED AS NECESSARY.**
- Whenever water seeps from a slope face, adequate drainage or other protection shall be provided. **SEEPAGE THROUGH SLOPES IS NOT ANTICIPATED TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. SHOULD SEEPAGE BE ENCOUNTERED, THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD CONTACT THE DESIGN ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY.**
- All storm sewer inlets that are made operable during construction shall be protected so that sediment-laden runoff entering the conveyance system without first being filtered or otherwise treated or removed sediment. **INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL NEW STORM SEWER INLETS BEFORE BEING MADE OPERABLE AND EXISTING INLETS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STORM SEWER NETWORK.**
- Before newly constructed stormwater conveyance channels or pipes are made operational, adequate outlet protection and any required temporary or permanent channel lining shall be installed in both the conveyance channel and receiving channel. **NO OUTLET PROTECTION IS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT.**
- When work in a live watercourse is performed, precautions shall be taken to minimize encroachment, control sediment transport and stabilize the work area to the greatest extent possible during construction. Nonerodible material shall be used for the construction of causeways and cofferdams. Earth fill may be used for these structures if armored by nonerodible cover materials. **NOT APPLICABLE. NO LIVE WATERCOURSES EXIST WITHIN OR ADJACENT TO THIS PROJECT.**
- When a live watercourse must be crossed by construction vehicles more than twice in any six-month period, a temporary vehicle stream crossing constructed of nonerodible material shall be provided. **NOT APPLICABLE. NO LIVE WATERCOURSES EXIST WITHIN OR ADJACENT TO THIS PROJECT.**
- All applicable federal, state and local regulations pertaining to working in or crossing live watercourses shall be met. **NOT APPLICABLE. NO LIVE WATERCOURSES EXIST WITHIN OR ADJACENT TO THIS PROJECT.**
- The bed and banks of a watercourse shall be stabilized immediately after work in the watercourse is completed. **NOT APPLICABLE. NO LIVE WATERCOURSES EXIST WITHIN OR ADJACENT TO THIS PROJECT.**
- Underground utility lines shall be installed in accordance with the following standards in addition to other applicable criteria:
 - No more than 500 linear feet of trench may be opened at one time.
 - Excavated material shall be placed on the uphill side of trenches.
 - Effluent from dewatering operations shall be filtered or passed through an approved sediment trapping device, or both, and discharged in a manner that does not adversely affect flowing streams or off-site property.
 - Material used for backfilling trenches shall be properly compacted in order to minimize erosion and promote stabilization.
 - Restabilization shall be accomplished in accordance with these regulations.
 - Applicable safety regulations shall be complied with.
- UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS ABOVE.**
- Where construction vehicle access routes intersect paved or public roads, provisions shall be made to minimize the transport of sediment by vehicular tracking onto the paved surface. Where sediment is transported onto a paved or public road surface, the road surface shall be cleaned thoroughly at the end of each day. Sediment shall be removed from the roads by shoveling or sweeping and transported to a sediment control disposal area. Street washing shall be allowed only after sediment is removed in this manner. This provision shall apply to individual development lots as well as to larger land-disturbing activities. **ADQUATE MEANS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR THE CLEANING OF MUD AND SEDIMENT FROM CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES PRIOR TO ENTERING PUBLIC STREETS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVING ANY MUD AND SEDIMENT TRANSPORTED FROM THIS SITE INTO THE PUBLIC STREETS.**
- All temporary erosion and sediment control measures shall be removed within 30 days after final site stabilization or after the temporary measures are no longer needed, unless otherwise authorized by the VESCO authority. Trapped sediment and the disturbed soil areas resulting from the disposition of temporary measures shall be permanently stabilized to prevent further erosion and sedimentation. **REMOVE TEMPORARY MEASURES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ABOVE REQUIREMENTS AND ONLY WITH THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF ROANOKE COUNTY.**

MINIMUM STANDARDS CONTINUED:

- Properties and waterways downstream from development sites shall be protected from sediment deposition, erosion and damage due to increases in volume, velocity and peak flow rate of stormwater runoff for the stated frequency storm of 24-hour duration in accordance with the following standards and criteria. Stream restoration and relocation projects that incorporate natural channel design concepts are not man-made channels and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels.
- Concentrated runoff from the development site shall be discharged directly into existing natural or man-made receiving channel, pipe or storm sewer system. For those sites where runoff is discharged into a pipe or pipe system, downstream stability analyses of the outfall of the pipe or system shall be performed.
- Adequacy of all channels and pipes shall be verified in the following manner:
 - The applicant shall demonstrate that the total drainage area to the point of analysis within the channel is one hundred times greater than the contributing drainage area of the project in question;
 - Natural channels shall be analyzed by the use of a two-year storm to verify that stormwater will not overtop channel banks nor cause erosion of channel bed or banks;
 - All previously constructed man-made channels shall be analyzed by the use of a ten-year storm to verify that stormwater will not overtop its banks and by the use of a two-year storm to demonstrate that stormwater will not cause erosion of channel bed or banks; and
 - Pipes and storm sewer systems shall be analyzed by the use of a ten-year storm to verify that stormwater will be contained within the pipe or system.
- If existing natural receiving channels or previously constructed man-made channels or pipes are not adequate, the applicant shall:
 - Improve the channels to a condition where a ten-year storm will not overtop the banks and a two-year storm will not cause erosion to channel bed or banks; or
 - Improve the pipe or pipe system to a condition where the ten-year storm is contained within the appurtenances;
 - Develop a site design that will not cause the pre-development peak runoff rate from a two-year storm to increase when runoff outfalls into a natural channel or will not cause the pre-development peak runoff rate from a ten-year storm to increase when runoff outfalls into a man-made channel; or
 - Provide a combination of channel improvement, stormwater detention or other measures which is satisfactory to the VESCO authority to prevent downstream erosion.
- The applicant shall provide evidence of permission to make the improvements.
- All hydrologic analysis shall be based on the existing watershed characteristics and the ultimate development of the subject project.
- If the applicant chooses an option that includes stormwater detention, he shall obtain approval from the VESCO of a plan for maintenance of the detention facilities. The plan shall set forth the maintenance requirements of the facility and the person responsible for performing the maintenance.
- Cutfall from a detention facility shall be discharged to a receiving channel, and energy dissipater shall be placed at the outfall of all detention facilities as necessary to provide a stabilized transition from the facility to the receiving channel.
- All on-site channels must be verified to be adequate.
- Increased volumes of sheet flows that may cause erosion or sedimentation on adjacent property shall be diverted to a stable outlet, adequate channel, pipe or pipe system, or to a detention facility.
- In applying these stormwater runoff criteria, individual lots or parcels in a residential, commercial, industrial development shall not be considered to be separate development projects. Instead, the development, as a whole, shall be considered to be a single development project. Hydrologic parameters that reflect the ultimate development condition shall be used in engineering calculations.
- All measures used to protect properties and waterways shall be employed in a manner which minimizes impacts on the physical, chemical and biological integrity of rivers, streams and other waters of the state.
- Any plan approved prior to July 1, 2014, that provides for stormwater management that addresses any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels shall satisfy the flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural and man-made channels if the practices are designed to:
 - detain the water quality volumes and release it over 48 hours;
 - detain and release over 24-hour period the expected rainfall resulting from the one year, 24-hour storm; and
 - reduce the allowable peak flow rate resulting from the 1, 5, 2, and 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level that is less than or equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming it was in a good forested condition, achieved through multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a reduction factor that is equal to the runoff volume from the site when it was in a good forested condition divided by the runoff volume from the site in its proposed condition, and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to 62.1-44.15.54 or 62.1-44.15.65 of the Act.
- For plans approved on and after July 1, 2014, the flow rate capacity and velocity requirements of 62.1-44.15.52 A of the Act and this subsection shall be satisfied by compliance with water quantity requirements in the Stormwater Management Act (62.1-44.15.24 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) and attendant regulations, unless such land-disturbing activities are in accordance with 9VAC25-870-48 of the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (V SMP) Permit Regulations.
- Compliance with the water quantity minimum standards set out in 9VAC25-870-66 of the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (V SMP) Permit Regulations shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of Minimum Standard 19.

NO STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT AS THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE PROPOSED IS UNDER 1-ACRE. ADDITIONALLY, THE WORK ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PLAN IS FOR MAINTENANCE PURPOSES ONLY AND DOES NOT PROPOSE ANY NEW IMPERVIOUS AREA WHICH WOULD INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF RUNOFF VOLUME, VELOCITY, OR PEAK FLOW RATES.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NARRATIVE

PROJECT DESCRIPTION
THIS PROJECT IS LOCATED WITHIN ROANOKE COUNTY, BETWEEN THE STREETS OF PEBBLE DRIVE AND WOODWAY ROAD WITHIN AN EXISTING RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION. THE PROJECT CONSISTS OF IMPROVEMENTS TO AN EXISTING WATERCOURSE BY REPLACING AGING/FAILING STORM DRAINAGE PIPE. THE TOTAL DISTURBANCE AREA IS APPROXIMATELY 7,600 S.F. (0.18 ACRES).

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS
THE PROJECT AREA IS LOCATED BEHIND EXISTING RESIDENTIAL HOUSES. DRAINAGE FROM THESE HOUSES GENERALLY FLOWS TOWARD THE HOMES FROM SOUTHEAST TO NORTHWEST.

ADJACENT AREAS
THE PROJECT SITE IS BORDERED BY PEBBLE DRIVE TO THE SOUTHWEST, WOODWAY ROAD TO THE NORTHEAST, AND RESIDENTIAL HOMES TO THE NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST.

OFF-SITE AREAS
NO OFF-SITE AREAS ARE ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT. ANY OFF-SITE CUT AND/OR FILL NEEDED FOR THIS PROJECT WILL BE REQUIRED TO BE PERMITTED SEPARATELY.

SOILS
SOILS INFORMATION IS BASED ON AN INSPECTION OF THE USDA WEB SOIL SURVEY AND HAS NOT BEEN FIELD VERIFIED. THE ON-SITE SOIL IN THE PROJECT AREA IS INDICATED TO BE HAYESVILLE-URBAN LAND COMPLEX (MAP UNIT 29D, 15 TO 30% SLOPES).

THE HAYESVILLE SOIL HYDROLOGIC-SOIL GROUP B, POSSESSES THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS AND PROPERTIES:
DEPTH TO RESTRICTIVE FEATURE: MORE THAN 80 INCHES
DEPTH TO WATER TABLE: MORE THAN 80 INCHES
DRAINAGE CLASS: WELL DRAINED
AVAILABLE WATER CAPACITY: MODERATELY HIGH TO HIGH
RUNOFF CLASS: HIGH

TOPICAL PROFILE: 0 TO 8 INCHES - FINE SANDY LOAM; 8 TO 51 INCHES - CLAY; 51 TO 62 INCHES - SANDY CLAY LOAM.

Critical Areas
PERIMETER CONTROLS ARE CRITICAL. ROANOKE RIVER IS DOWN GRADIENT AND NEARBY. SEDIMENT TRANSPORT OFFSITE SHOULD BE MONITORED TO ENSURE NO SEDIMENT IS INADVERTENTLY DISCHARGED.

General Standards
UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION.

SEE DEQ MINIMUM STANDARDS LISTED ON THIS SHEET.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE (3.02) - A CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE INSTALLED TO MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF MUD TRANSPORTED INTO EXISTING ROADS.

INLET PROTECTION (3.07) - INLET PROTECTION WILL BE INSTALLED AT THE STORM DRAIN INLET TO MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF FROM ENTERING THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM.

TEMPORARY SEEDING (3.31) - TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE APPLIED TO TEMPORARY DIVERSION Dikes, TOPSOIL STOCKPILES, AND ALL AREAS TO BE ROUGH GRADED, BUT NOT FINISHED GRADED DURING THE INITIAL PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE FAST GERMINATING, TEMPORARY VEGETATION AND INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING GRADING, OR INSTALLATION IF A TEMPORARY MEASURE. SEE ALSO MINIMUM STANDARDS.

PERMANENT SEEDING (3.32) - PERMANENT SEEDING SHALL BE INSTALLED ON ALL DISTURBED AREAS ON THE SITE NOT OTHERWISE STABILIZED.

MULCHING (3.30) - ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE MULCHED AFTER SEEDING. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF TWO TONS PER ACRE AND ANCHORED WITH 750 LBS PER ACRE OF FIBER MULCH OVER THE SEEDED AREA.

PERMANENT STABILIZATION
ALL AREAS DISTURBED SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH PERMANENT SEEDING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING FINISHED GRADING. PERMANENT SEEDING SHALL BE APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MINIMUM STANDARD 3.31, 3.32 & 3.35.

Maintenance
ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EVERY RUNOFF PRODUCING RAINFALL. A LOG OF DATES AND INSPECTIONS SHALL BE KEPT. ANY DEFICIENCIES THAT ARE FOUND SHALL BE CORRECTED IMMEDIATELY.

All Ditches, Swales, and Natural Watercourses Downstream of This Project Shall Be Field Inspected During and After Construction by the DEQ to Ensure Compliance with DEQ's MS-19. If Erosion or Scour is occurring the developer shall be responsible for all corrective measures.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL AFTER ALL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AND THEN TEMPORARY MEASURES PROPERLY REMOVED.

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATION
NO STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS REQUIRED AS THE AMOUNT OF LAND DISTURBANCE PROPOSED IS UNDER 1-ACRE.

PERMANENT STABILIZATION
ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION WILL BE STABILIZED WITH PERMANENT SEEDING WITHIN 7 DAYS OF IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING FINISH GRADING. SEEDING WILL BE ACCORDING TO STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION 3.32 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK. PERMANENTLY SEEDED AREAS SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING ESTABLISHMENT WITH STRAW MULCH.

GENERAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- ALL SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS CONTAINED IN THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION.
- THE APPROVING AUTHORITY MAY ADD TO, DELETE, RELOCATE, CHANGE, OR OTHERWISE MODIFY CERTAIN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES WHERE FIELD CONDITIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED THAT WARRANT SUCH MODIFICATIONS.
- ALL SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN SHALL BE PLACED IN ADVANCE OF THE WORK BEING PERFORMED, AS FAR AS PRACTICAL.
- IN NO CASE DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL WATER RUNOFF BE DIVERTED OR ALLOWED TO FLOW TO LOCATIONS WHERE ADEQUATE PROTECTION HAS NOT BEEN PROVIDED.

5. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO LEAVE THE SITE ADEQUATELY PROTECTED AGAINST EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, OR ANY DAMAGE TO ANY ADJACENT PROPERTY AT THE END OF EACH DAY'S WORK.

6. FOR THE EROSION CONTROL KEY SYMBOLS SHOWN ON THE PLANS, REFER TO THE VIRGINIA UNIFORM CODING SYSTEM FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES CONTAINED IN THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION. THESE SYMBOLS AND KEYS ARE TO BE UTILIZED ON ALL EROSION CONTROL PLANS SUBMITTED TO ROANOKE COUNTY.

7. THE LOCATION OF ALL OFF-SITE FILL OR BORROW AREAS ASSOCIATED WITH THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL BE PROVIDED TO ROANOKE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT. AN EROSION CONTROL PLAN OR MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED FOR THIS AREA.

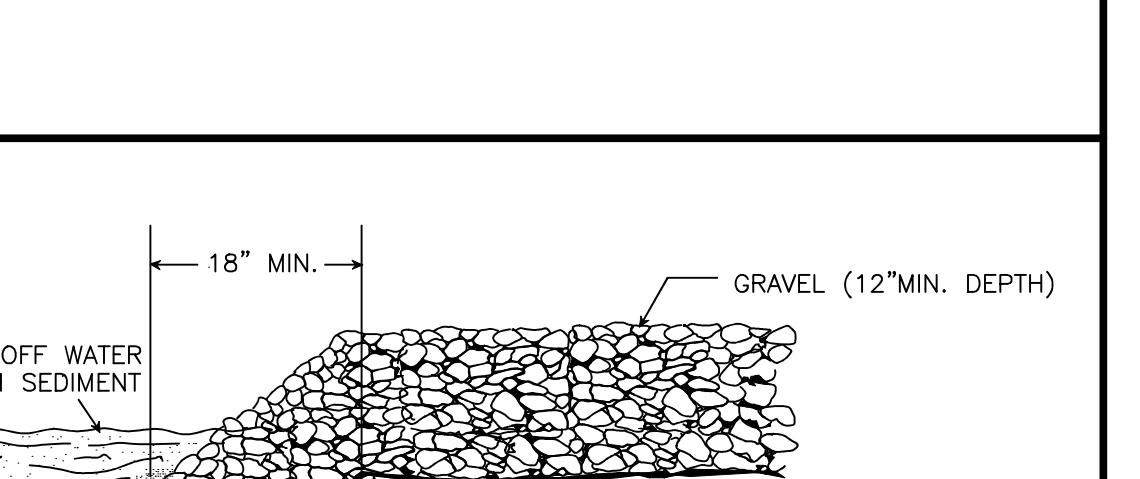
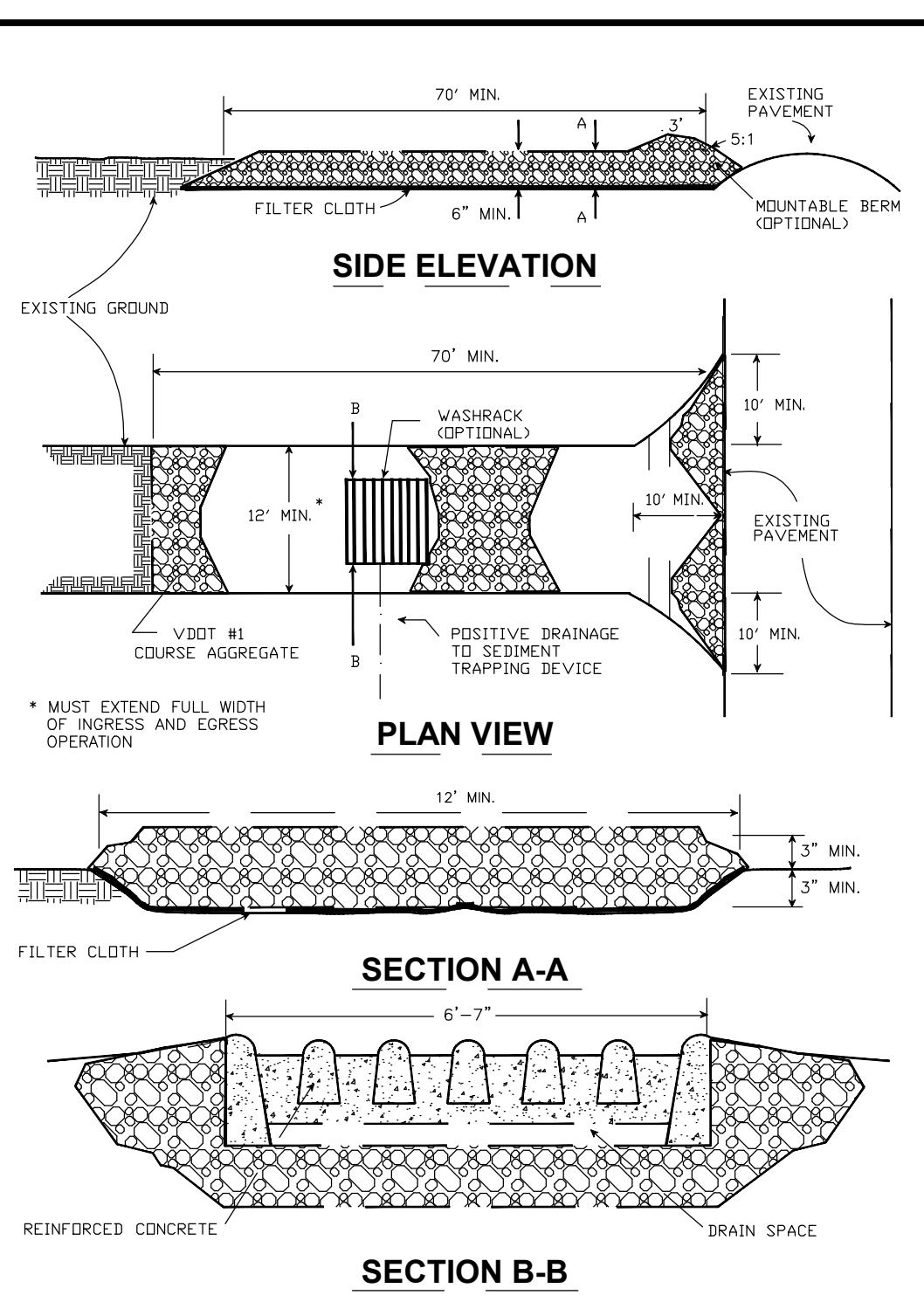
TOTAL DISTURBED AREA = 0.18 AC. = 7,600 SQ. FT.

NO.	TITLE	KEY	SYMBOL
3.02	TEMPORARY GRAVEL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE	CE	
3.07	INLET PROTECTION	IP	
3.31	TEMPORARY SEEDING	TS	
3.32	PERMANENT SEEDING	PS	
3.35	MULCHING	MU	

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EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS



SPECIFIC APPLICATION

THIS METHOD OF INLET PROTECTION IS APPLICABLE WHERE HEAVY CONCENTRATED FLOWS ARE EXPECTED BUT NOT WHERE PONDING AROUND THE STRUCTURE MIGHT CAUSE EXCESSIVE INCONVENIENCE OR DAMAGE TO ADJACENT STRUCTURES AND UNPROTECTED AREAS.

* GRAVEL SHALL BE VDOT #3, #357 OR #5 COARSE AGGREGATE.

IP DROP INLET SEDIMENT FILTER

