

## GENERAL NOTES

### PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING AND CONSTRUCTION COMMENCEMENT:

- All construction methods and materials shall conform to the Construction Standards and Specifications of Roanoke County, the Western Virginia Water Authority, and the Virginia Department of Transportation.
- Stormwater Management Agreements with an attached 8 1/2" x 11" or 8 1/2" x 14" plan must be approved and recorded prior the pre-construction meeting.
- Once all required items are submitted to Roanoke County, the developer must contact the Development Review Coordinator to indicate that a pre-construction meeting needs to be scheduled. The pre-construction meeting will be scheduled with the owner/developer two (2) working days later.
- All land disturbing projects that require approval of an erosion and sediment control plan, grading or clearing permit shall require that the applicant provide the name of an individual who will be responsible for land disturbing activities and that this individual hold a Responsible Land Disturber (RLD) Certificate from the Department of Environmental Quality. The Responsible Land Disturber can be anyone from the Project team that is certified by the Commonwealth of Virginia to be in charge of carrying out the land disturbing activity for the project.
- It is the responsibility of the owner/developer to notify the certified Responsible Land Disturber and the Utility Contractor to attend the pre-construction meeting.
- The Development Review Coordinator will schedule the pre-construction meeting with the County Review Engineer, the County Inspector, and the Western Virginia Water Authority and the Town of Vinton Public Works Department if applicable.
- An approved set of plans, Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), VSMP coverage letter, and all permits must be available at the construction site at all times.
- The developer and/or contractor shall supply all utility companies with copies of approved plans, advising them that all grading and installation shall conform to approved plans.
- The project engineer will inform the owner/developer verbally and in writing of the County's obligation to perform inspections on site. Everyone in the meeting will be required to sign a pre-construction checklist indicating their knowledge of Roanoke County's obligation to perform inspections on site.
- The Erosion Control Permit or Combined Erosion Control & VSMP Permit is given to the developer at this pre-construction meeting.
- Notify Roanoke County prior to beginning installation of ESC measures. The County will inspect initial installations to ensure compliance with approved plan prior to start of grading. The developer SHALL contact the project inspector 24 hours before beginning any grading or construction on the property.
- County inspectors must inspect storm drain / stormwater management / BMP installations during the process of installation. Please contact the site inspector 24 hours in advance.
- All work shall be subject to inspection by Roanoke County, the Western Virginia Water Authority and the Virginia Department of Transportation Inspectors.
- Contractors shall notify utilities of proposed construction at least two (2), but not more than ten (10) working days in advance. Area public utilities may be notified thru "Miss Utility": 1-800-552-7001 or VA 811.
- The 100 year Floodway shall be staked prior to any construction.
- Grade stakes shall be set for all curb and gutter, culvert, sanitary sewer and storm sewer at all times of construction.
- Roanoke County shall be notified when a spring is encountered during construction.
- Construction debris shall be containerized in accordance with the Virginia Litter Control Act. No less than one litter receptacle shall be provided on site.
- The contractor shall provide adequate means of cleaning mud from trucks and/or other equipment prior to entering public streets or rights of ways. It is the contractors responsibility to insure that the streets are in a clean, mud and dust free condition at all times.
- Plan approval in no way relieves the developer or contractors of the responsibilities contained within the erosion and sediment control or stormwater management policies.
- Field construction shall honor proposed drainage divides as shown on plans.
- Field corrections shall be approved by the Roanoke County and/or the Western Virginia Water Authority and the Professional of Record, prior to such construction.
- The developer or contractor shall supply the County and the Western Virginia Water Authority with correct As-Built plans before final acceptance.

### VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:

- Plan approval by Roanoke County does not guarantee issuance of any permits by the Virginia Department of Transportation.
- A permit must be obtained from the Virginia Department of Transportation, Salem Residency Office prior to construction in the highway right-of-way.
- The preliminary pavement design should be based on a predicted sub-grade CBR value of 7.0 and with a Resiliency Factor (RF) of 2.0 as shown in the current edition of the Virginia Department of Transportation Pavement Design Guide for Subdivision and Secondary Roads. The sub-grade soil is to be tested by an independent laboratory and the results submitted to the Virginia Department of Transportation prior to base construction. Should the sub-grade CBR value and/or the RF value be less than the predicted values, additional base material will be required in accordance with Departmental specifications. Refer to the same manual as the number and locations of the required soil samples to be tested. All pavement designs shall be submitted to the Department for review and approval. The sub-grade shall be approved by the Virginia Department of Transportation prior to placement of the base. Base shall be approved by the Virginia Department of Transportation for depth, template, and compaction before the surface is applied.
- Standard guardrail with safety end sections may be required on fills or in areas where hazards exist as deemed necessary. After completion of rough grading operations, the County Engineer and Virginia Department of Transportation shall be contacted to schedule a field review. Where guard rail is warranted, the standard shoulder width shall be provided and the guard rail shall be installed in accordance with the current edition of the VDOT Road and Bridge Standards as part of this development.
- Standard street and traffic control signs shall be erected at each intersection by the developer prior to final street acceptance.
- All traffic devices shall be in accordance with current edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" (MUTCD).
- All unsuitable material shall be removed from the construction limits of the roadway before placing embankment.

See Sheet N/A for Stormwater Site Statistics Table.  
See Sheet N/A for New BMP Information Table.

The Project Engineer shall provide electronic copies of the approved plans to the Development Review Coordinator within 5 working days of the pre-construction meeting.  
The notes on this sheet shall not be modified.



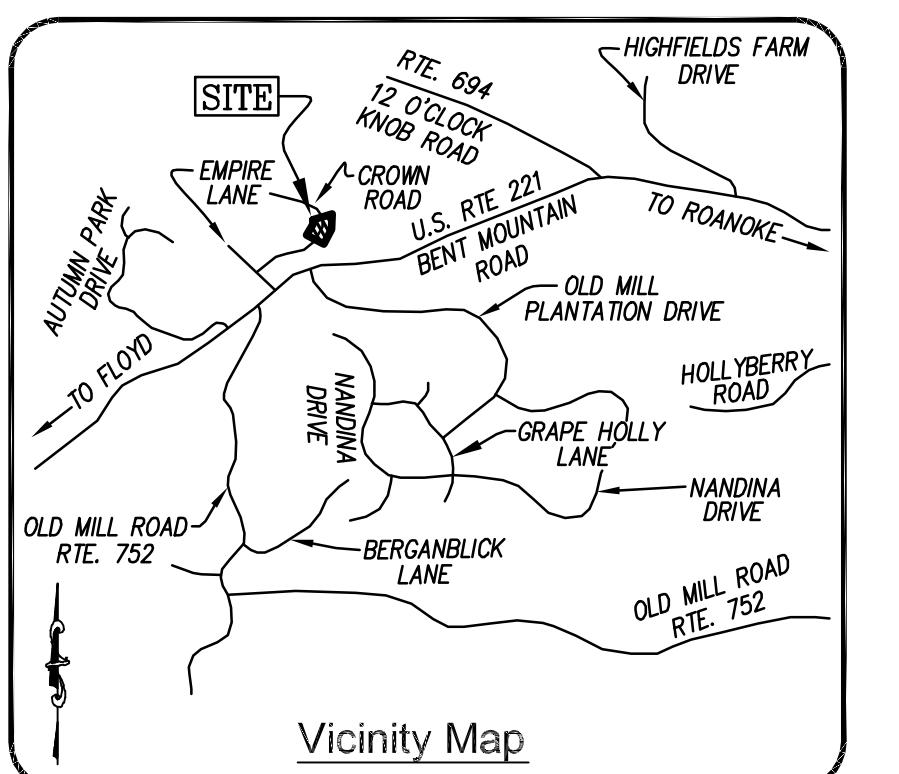
# COUNTY OF ROANOKE, VA

NAME OF DEVELOPMENT	CROWN ROAD DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT(S)	WINDSOR HILLS MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT	
OWNER (name, address, telephone)		
DEVELOPER (name, address, telephone)	ROANOKE COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT (540) 772 - 2080	P.O. BOX 29800 ROANOKE, VA 24018
ENGINEER, ARCHITECT OR SURVEYOR (name, address, telephone)	LUMSDEN ASSOCIATES, P.C. (540) 774-4411	4664 BRAMBLETON AVENUE ROANOKE, VA 24018
TAX MAP NO(S)	095.01-01-23.00, 095.01-01-11.00, & 095.01-01-12.00	

### WATER AND SEWER NOTES

- All construction methods and materials shall conform to the latest edition of the Design and Construction Standards and Specifications of the Western Virginia Water Authority (WVWA) available at [www.westernvirginiawater.org](http://www.westernvirginiawater.org) or by contacting the authority at 540-853-5700. The project shall also comply with the governing jurisdiction's standards and other agency standards (e.g. VDOT, DEQ, DCR, VDH, etc.) where applicable.
- A minimum cover of three (3) feet is required on all WVWA water and sewer lines.
- All existing utilities may not be shown in their exact locations. The contractor shall notify Miss Utility and shall verify location and elevation of all underground utilities in the areas of construction prior to starting work.
- Please show all WVWA water and sewer utilities on any development plan.
- The location of existing utilities across or along the line of proposed work are not necessarily shown on the plans and where shown are only approximately correct. The contractor shall on his own initiative and at no extra cost, locate all underground lines and structures and pothole as necessary. The contractor shall be responsible for any damage to underground structures. All damage incurred to existing utilities during construction shall be repaired at the contractor's expense.
- Plan approval by the WVWA does not remove the contractor's responsibility to remove or relocate any existing conflicts found during construction.
- The contractor shall maintain a minimum of 18" clearance vertically and two (2) feet minimum horizontally from the outside of pipe to outside of pipe with all other underground utilities. Where this cannot be achieved, additional measures in accordance with the WVWA standards shall be enforced.
- All utility grade adjustments shall be in accordance with WVWA standards and are the responsibility of the contractor.
- Field changes shall be submitted by the engineer of record to the locality and approved by the WVWA.

Western Virginia Water Authority  
Availability letter number: N/A



### LEGEND

Property Line	— — — — —
Right-of-way	— — — R/W — — —
Centerline	— — — CL — — —
Minimum Building Line	— MBL — MBL —
Existing Storm Sewer	— SD — SD —
Existing Sanitary Sewer	— SS — SS —
Existing Water Main	— W — W —
Existing Contour	— 1045 — — —
Proposed Contour	— 1045 — — —
Proposed Drainage Divide	— — — — —
Proposed Limits of Clearing	— — — — —
Proposed Storm Sewer	— — — 24" S.D. — — —
Proposed Sanitary Sewer	— — — 8" M.H. — — —
Proposed Water Main	— — — HYDRANT — — —
	— — — VALVE — — —
	— — — BLOWOFF — — —

### Sheet Index

SHEET No.	DESCRIPTION
1.... COVER SHEET	
2.... NOTES & DETAILS	
3.... DEMOLITION PLAN, STORM DRAINAGE PLAN & PROFILE	
4.... EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN	
5.... EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS	
6.... MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC PLAN	

### SURVEY INFORMATION

Horizontal and vertical control surveys were performed in year: 2020  
by: Lumsden Associates, P.C.

All vertical elevations must be referenced to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 or 1988. All horizontal elevations must be referenced to the North American Datum of 1927 or 1983.

Source of topographic mapping is dated: 2020

Boundary was performed by: Lumsden Associates, P.C., dated: 2020

Benchmark Information: See Sheet 3

The professional seal and signature certifies the boundary survey and topographic mapping to be accurate and correct.

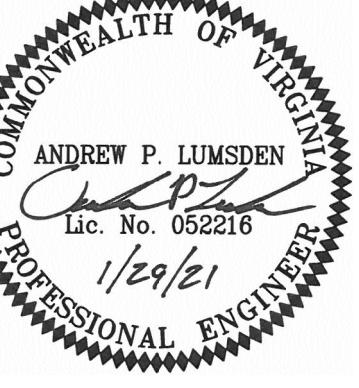
QUANTITY & COST ESTIMATE					
ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	COST	BONDABLE
CLEARING AND GRUBBING		AC			
EXCAVATION		C.Y.			
EMBANKMENT		C.Y.			
CURB INLET DI-		EA			
CURB INLET DI-		EA			
MANHOLE MH-		EA			
MANHOLE MH-		EA			
-IN. CONCRETE PIPE, CLASS III		LF			
-IN. CONCRETE PIPE, CLASS IV		LF			
-IN. C.M. CULVERT		LF			
-IN. C.M. CULVERT		LF			
BOX CULVERT		LS			
PAVED SWALE		LF			
RIPRAP - CLASS		SF			
PERMANENT GRASS SWALE		LF			
-IN. CONCRETE ENDWALL EW-		EA			
-IN. END SECTION ES-		EA			
HEADER CURB & GUTTER CG-		LF			
CURB & GUTTER CG-		LF			
VALLEY GUTTER		EA			
GRAVEL BASE		SY			
GRAVEL SHOULDER		SY			
SURFACE TREATMENT		SY			
-IN. BIT. CONC. TYPE B-		SY			
-IN. BIT. CONC. TYPE S-		SY			
-IN. BASE MATERIAL		C.Y.			
-IN. SUBBASE MATERIAL		C.Y.			
TRAFFIC BARRICADE		EA			
8" WATER LINE		LF			
6" WATER LINE		LF			
FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLIES		EA			
BLOW OFFS W/ VAULT, FRAME & COVER		EA			
-IN. GATE VALVES, W/ VAULT, FRAME & COVER		EA			
-IN. GATE VALVES, W/ VAULT, FRAME & COVER		EA			
8" SANITARY SEWER		LF			
STANDARD MANHOLE W/ FRAME & COVER		EA			
SAMPLING MANHOLE/PORT		EA			
LANDSCAPING		LS			
AMENITIES (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO TRAILS, ETC...)		LS			
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT		LS			
AS-BUILT PLANS (STORM SEWER SYSTEMS)		LS			
AS-BUILT PLANS (STORMWATER MANAGEMENT)		LS			
10% CONTINGENCY					
ESTIMATED TOTAL					
BY SEALING THE PLANS, THE DESIGN PROFESSIONAL HEREBY CERTIFIES THAT THE FOREGOING ESTIMATE REFLECTS THE CURRENT IMPROVEMENT COSTS OF THIS PROJECT.					

PHONE: (540) 774-4411  
FAX: (540) 772-9445  
WWW.LUMSDENPC.COM

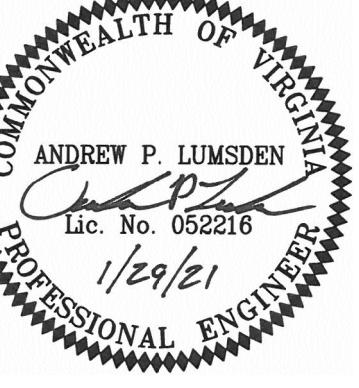
Approved

**CROWN ROAD  
DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS**  
PREPARED FOR  
ROANOKE COUNTY  
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT  
WINDSOR HILLS MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT  
ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

SHEET  
1  
OF  
6

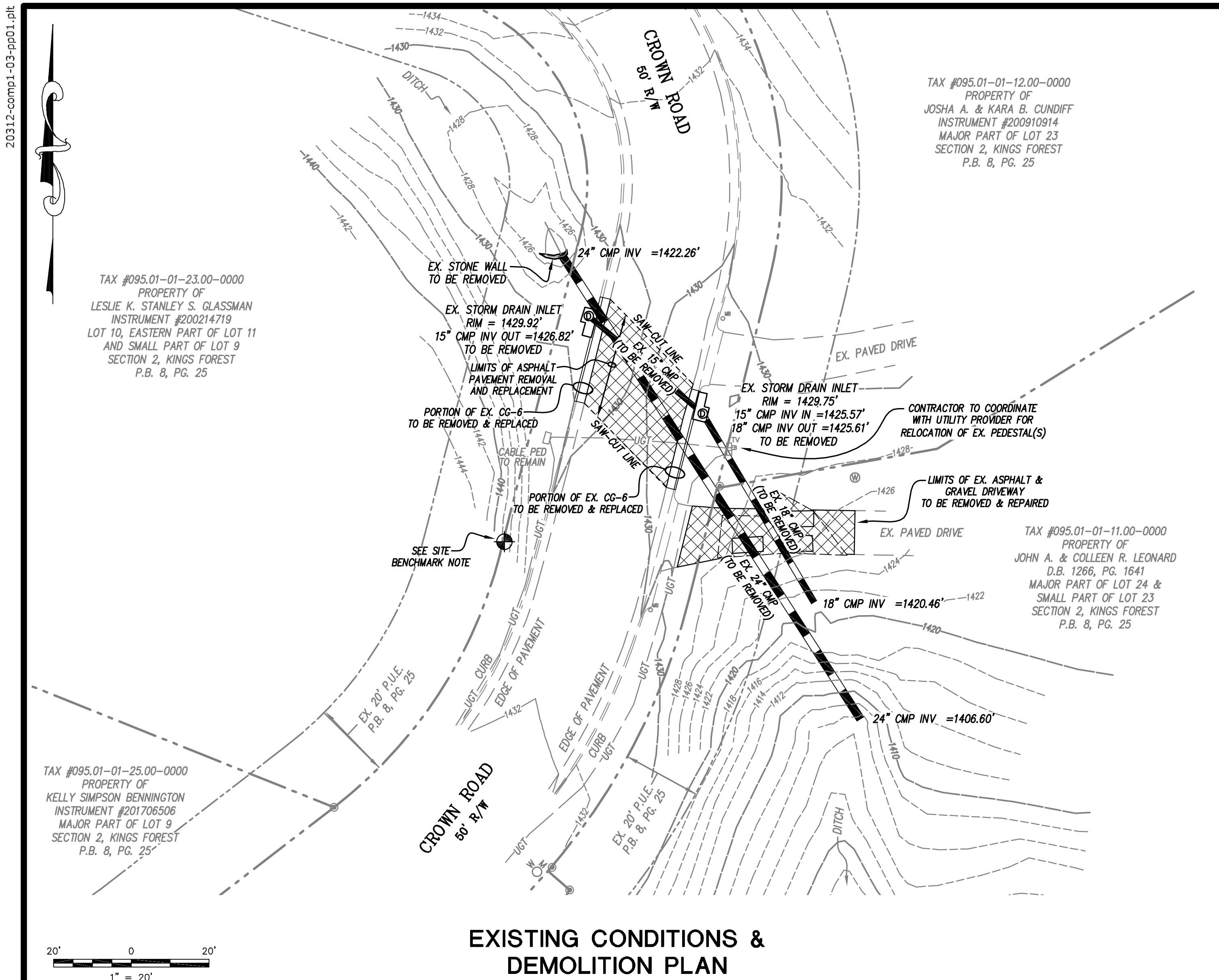


LUMSDEN ASSOCIATES, P.C.  
COMMISSION NUMBER:  
2020-312



PLAN DATE:  
JANUARY 29, 2021



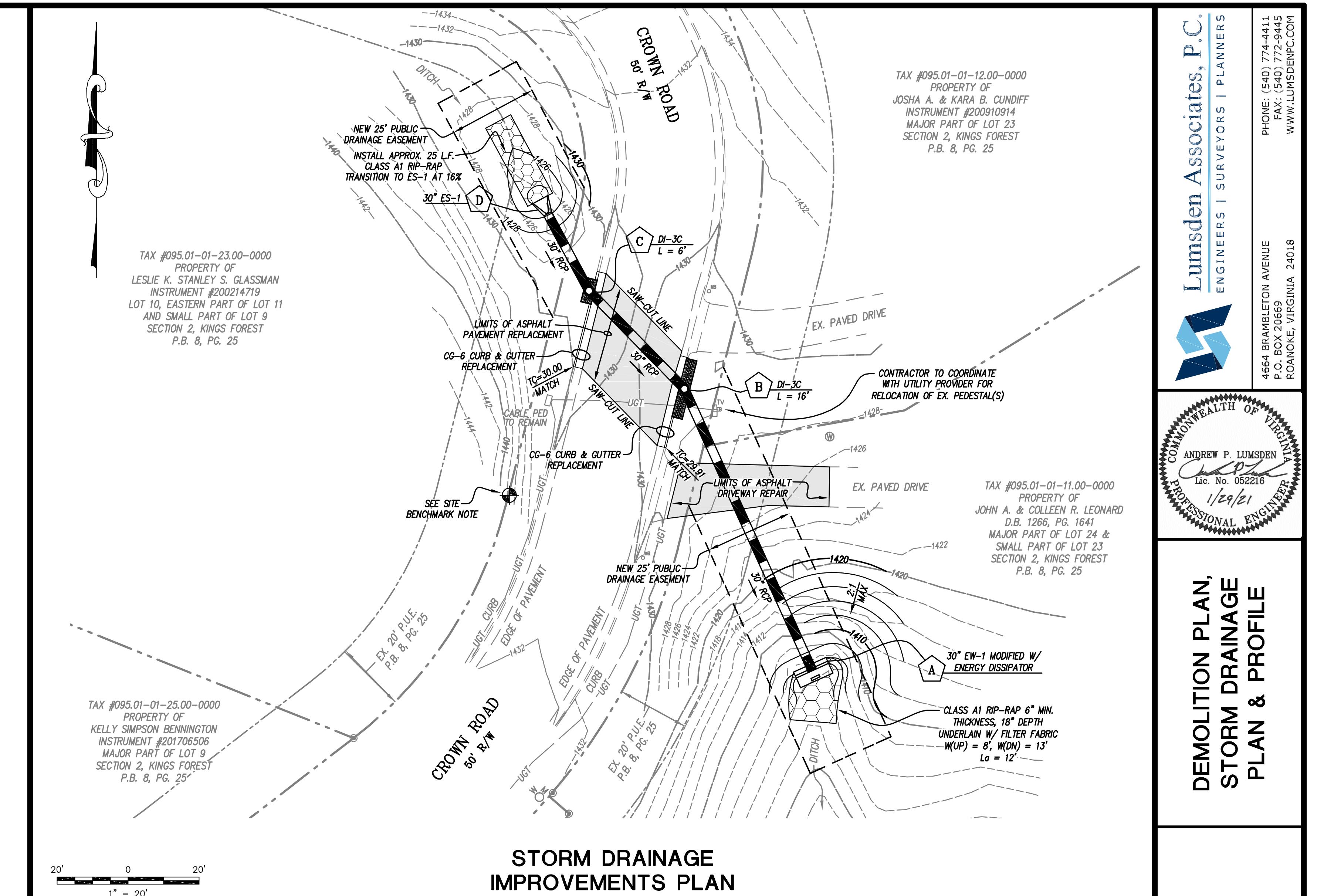


# EXISTING CONDITIONS & DEMOLITION PLAN

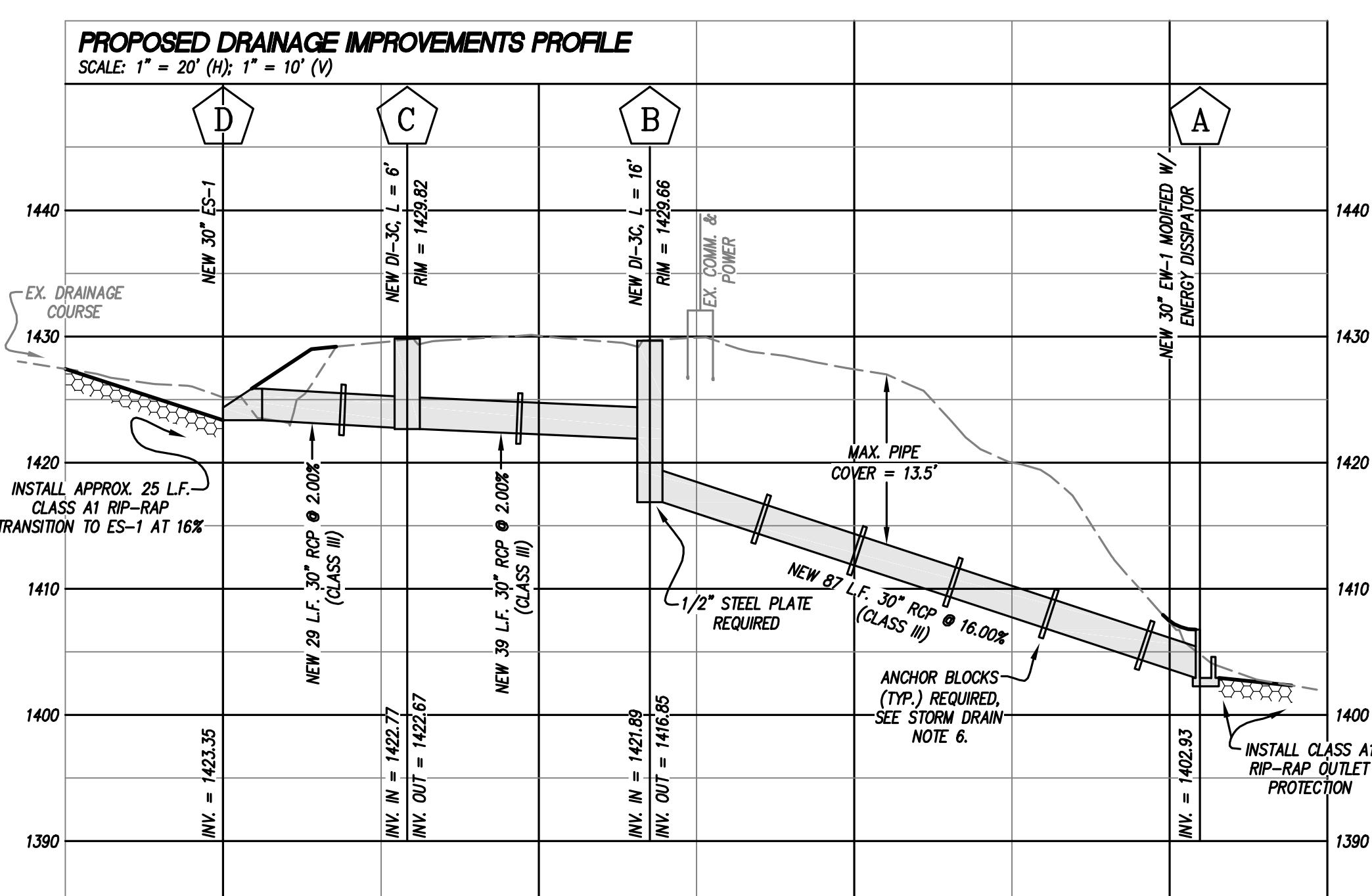
## SITE BENCHMARK

#### STORM DRAIN NOTE

1. ALL NEW STORM DRAIN PIPE SHOWN ON THIS PLAN IS 30" CLASS III RCP OR APPROVED EQUAL, EXCEPT WHERE OTHER DIAMETERS AND/OR MATERIALS ARE INDICATED.
2. ALL VDOT STANDARD STORM DRAIN INLET AND MANHOLE STRUCTURES SHALL INCLUDE IS-1 INLET SHAPING UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.
3. WHERE STORM DRAIN MANHOLES ARE INDICATED AS STEP-DOWN STRUCTURES, CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL 1/2" STEEL PLATE ARMORING TO BASE OF MANHOLE, PER VDOT DDM1.
4. ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES DEEPER THAN 4.0 FEET SHALL HAVE STEPS (VDOT STD. ST-1) INSTALLED.
5. SAFETY SLABS (VDOT STD. SL-1) ARE REQUIRED IN ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES WITH A DEPTH OF 12.0 FEET OR GREATER. SPACING OF THE SAFETY SLABS SHOULD BE 8 TO 12 FEET WITH NO SLAB LOCATED WITHIN 6 FEET OF THE TOP OR BOTTOM OF THE STRUCTURE.
6. ANCHOR BLOCKS SHALL BE REQUIRED ON EACH PROPOSED PIPE SECTION. REFER TO VDOT DETAIL A-73 ON SHEET 2 FOR DETAILS REGARDING SPACING, SIZING, AND MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS.



# STORM DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS PLAN



**CROWN ROAD  
DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS**

**PREPARED FOR**

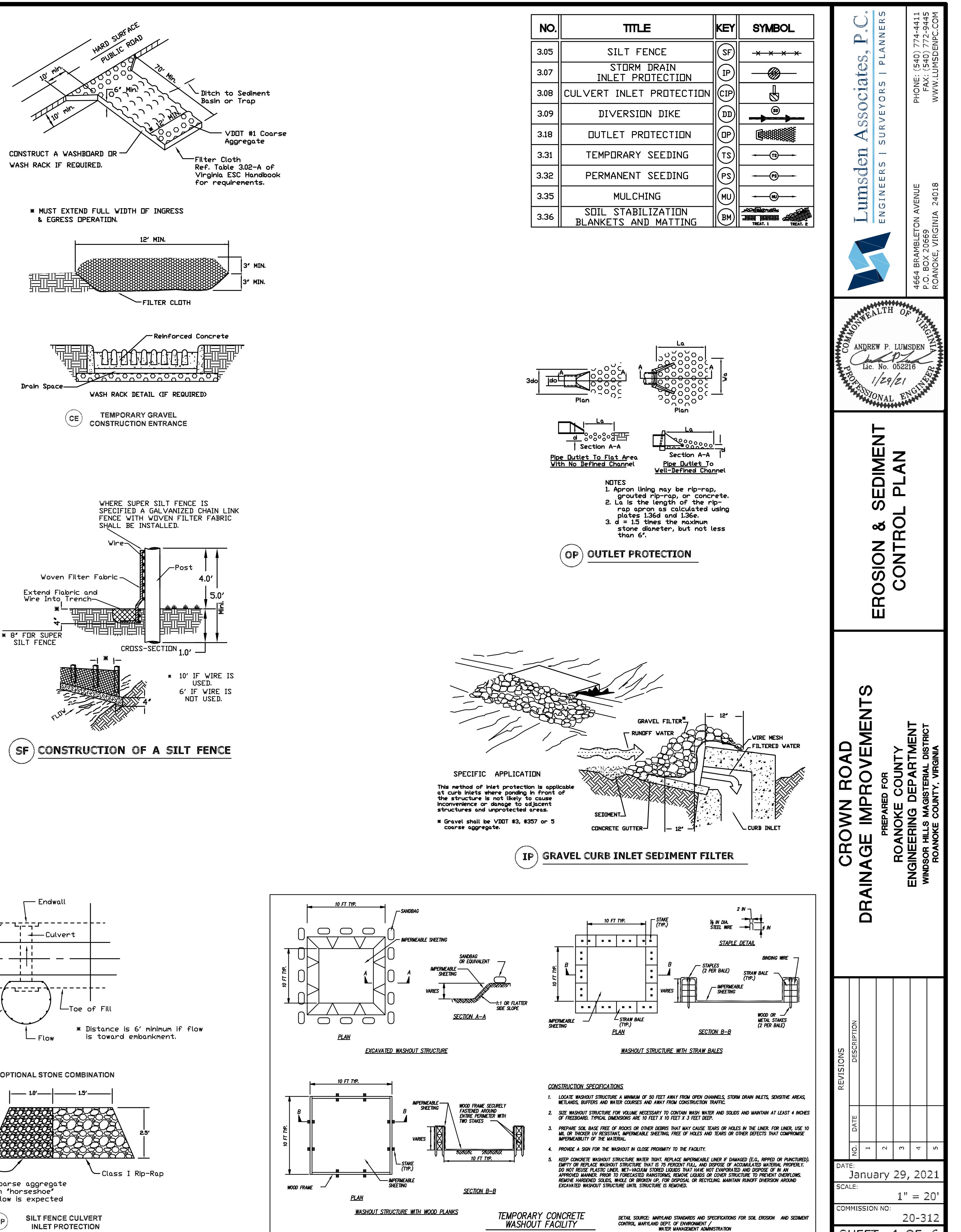
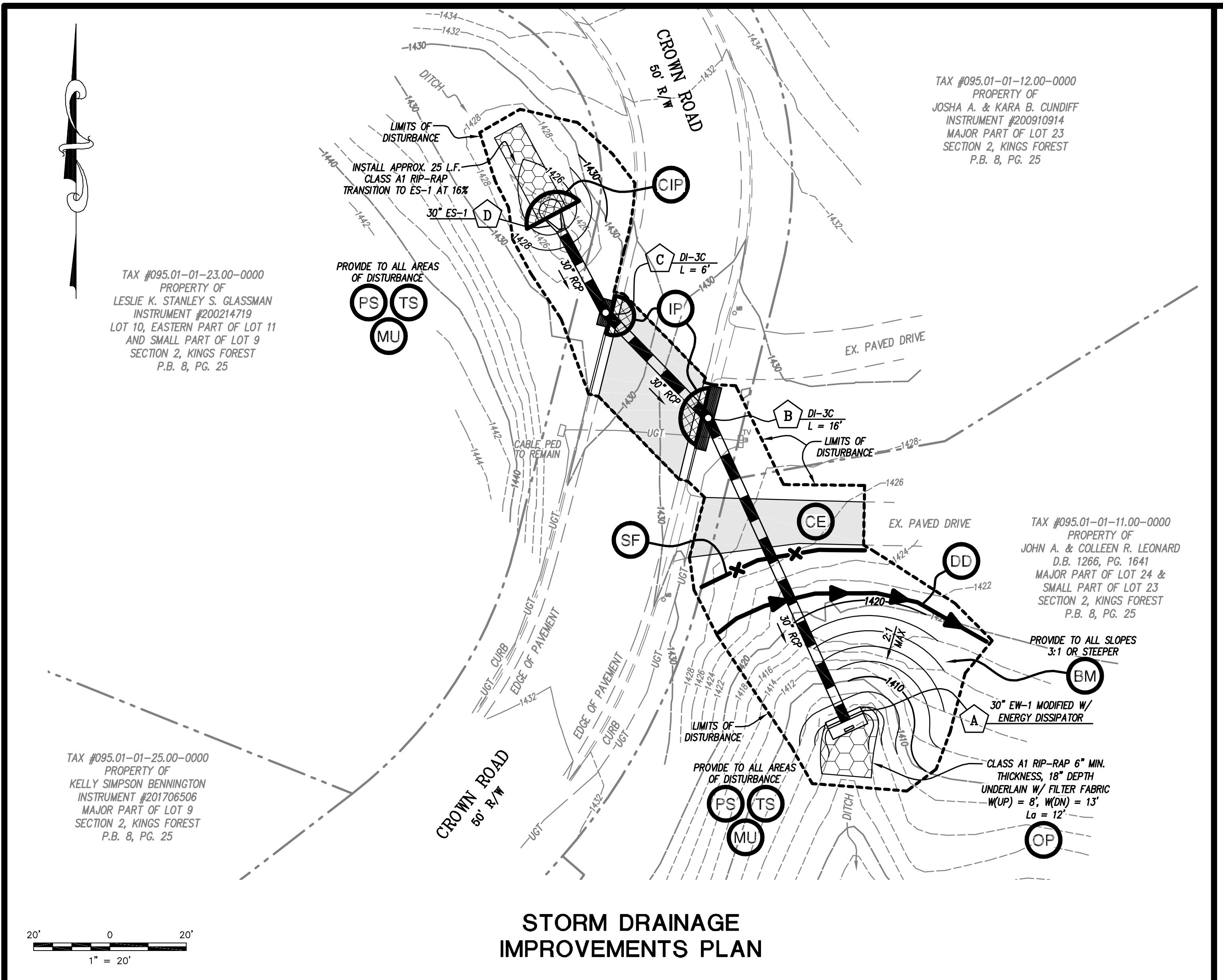
**ROANOKE COUNTY  
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**

**WINDSOR HILLS MAGISTERIAL DISTRICT  
ROANOKE COUNTY, VIRGINIA**

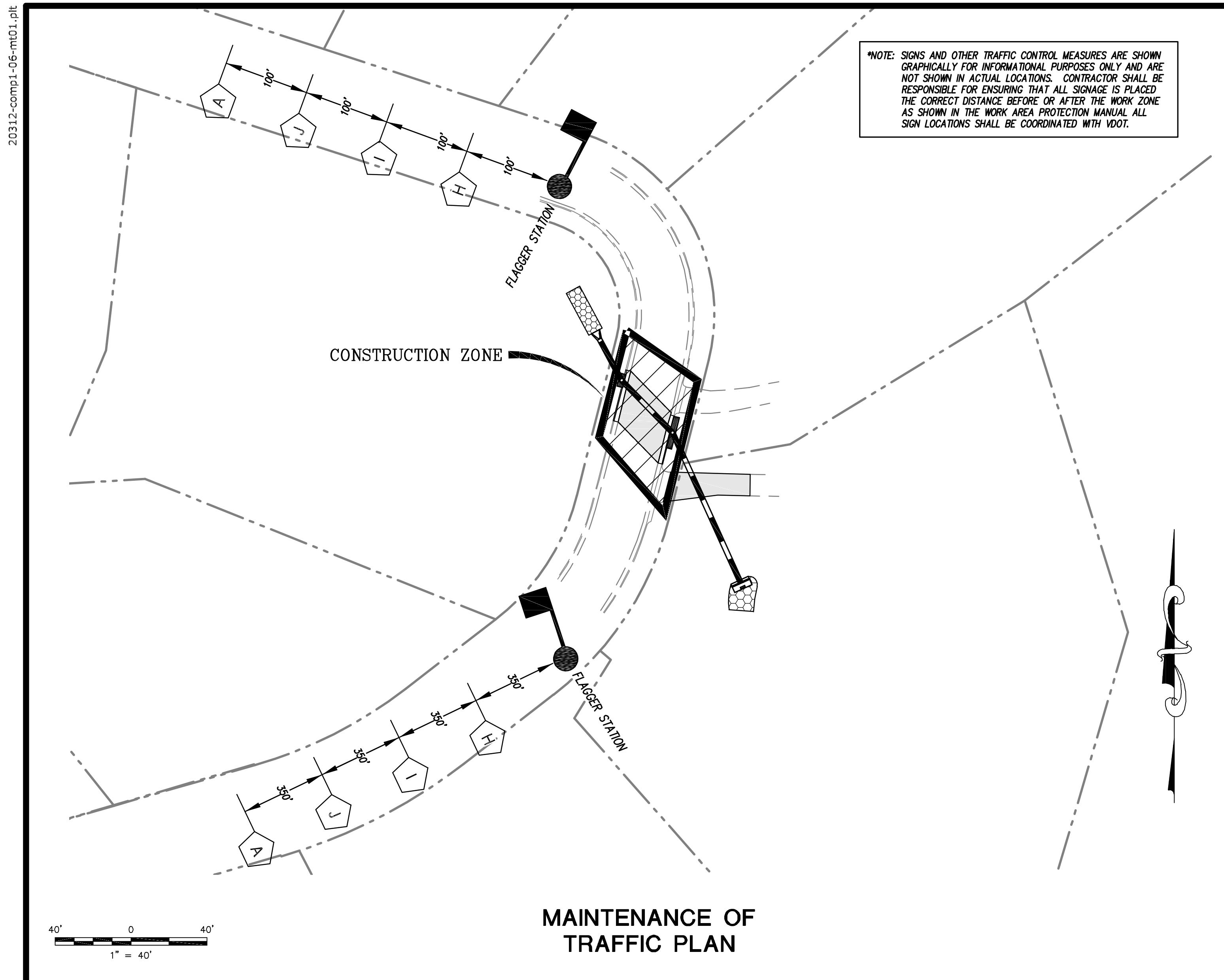
# ASSOCIATES, P.C. SURVEYORS | PLANNERS

# DEMOLITION PLAN, STORM DRAINAGE PLAN & PROFILE

# ROAD IMPROVEMENTS FOR COUNTY DEPARTMENT CERIAL DISTRICT y, VIRGINIA







## TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT PLAN

### TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

#### 1. PROJECT CATEGORY (MINIMUM TMP REQUIREMENTS)

- A. THIS WILL BE A TYPE I PROJECT (MODERATE LEVEL OF CONSTRUCTION)
- i. THIS WILL BE PERMITTED WORK
- ii. THIS PROJECT WILL INVOLVE TRAFFIC CONTROL TO ENSURE SAFE TRAVEL AROUND THE WORK ZONES.

#### 2. TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL (TTC) PLAN

- A. MAJOR COMPONENTS WILL CONSIST OF GENERAL NOTES, TYPICAL SECTIONS AND SPECIAL DETAILS AS NECESSARY.
- B. ALL SIGNS, STRIPING, AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH VIRGINIA WORK AREA PROTECTION MANUAL AND MUTCD STANDARDS.

### PUBLIC COMMUNICATION PLAN

#### CRISIS COMMUNICATION PLAN:

AS WITH ANY CRISIS, EMERGENCY RESPONDERS (911) SHOULD BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY IF NECESSARY.

THE SALEM RESIDENT ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNEE SHOULD BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY.

IF THE EMERGENCY IS TRAFFIC RELATED, THE SALEM RESIDENT ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNEE SHOULD IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE TRAFFIC OPERATIONS CENTER AT 540-375-0170.

THE SALEM RESIDENT ENGINEER, DISTRICT COMMUNICATION OFFICE AND TRAFFIC OPERATIONS CENTER WILL WORK TOGETHER TO INFORM THE TRAVELING PUBLIC, EMERGENCY RESPONDERS AND THE MEDIA ABOUT DELAYS AND UNEXPECTED CHANGES IN TRAFFIC PATTERNS USING THE CONTACT LIST BELOW, AND OTHER RESOURCES IF NECESSARY.

#### CONTACTS:

- A. ROANKE COUNTY: 1. ROANKE COUNTY FIRE & EMS: 540-562-3625 (NON EMERGENCY)
- 2. ROANKE COUNTY POLICE DISPATCH: 540-562-3625 (NON EMERGENCY)
- 3. ROANKE COUNTY SCHOOLS: 540-562-3900
- 4. ROANKE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS: 540-772-2003

- B. VIRGINIA STATE POLICE (SALEM HEADQUARTERS): 540-777-8701

#### MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC NOTES:

1. IT IS NOT THE INTENT OF THIS PLAN TO ENUMERATE EVERY DETAIL WHICH MUST BE CONSIDERED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF EACH WORK ZONE, BUT ONLY TO SHOW THE GENERAL FEATURES NECESSARY TO PROVIDE FOR PROPER HANDLING OF TRAFFIC. THE CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES ULTIMATELY EMPLOYED BY THE CONTRACTOR ARE TO BE APPROVED BY VDOT. IT WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE FOR SAFE TRAVEL AROUND THE WORK ZONES.
2. ONE PHASES OF WORK EXISTS WITH THIS PLAN:

  - CONSTRUCTION OF PROPOSED STORM DRAIN IMPROVEMENTS ALONG CROWN ROAD. WORK WITHIN THIS PHASE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TTC-23.0 FOR THE APPROPRIATE LANE CLOSURES USING FLAGGERS.
  - 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE VDOT REPRESENTATIVE IN WRITING WITH A WORK SCHEDULE 2-WEEKS BEFORE STARTING WORK. THE VDOT REPRESENTATIVE WILL DETERMINE IF POLICE PATROL IS NECESSARY FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL.
  - 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION WITH VDOT.
  - 5. SIGN SPACING MAY BE ADJUSTED TO FIT FIELD CONDITIONS WITH VDOT APPROVAL.
  - 6. ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS CONFLICTING WITH TRAFFIC PATTERNS SHALL BE ERADICATED AND RE-STRIPED AS NECESSARY.
  - 7. WHEN WORK IS NOT BEING PERFORMED, THE CLEAR ZONE OF THE ROADWAY SHALL BE FREE OF STORED MATERIALS AND PARKED EQUIPMENT.
  - 8. ALL WORK IS TO BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MUTCD (LATEST EDITION). THE VIRGINIA WORK AREA PROTECTION MANUAL (LATEST EDITION), AND AS DIRECTED BY VDOT AND SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL REGULATIONS PROVIDED IN THE ENTRANCE PERMIT.
  - 9. THE POSTED SPEED LIMIT ALONG CROWN ROAD IS 25 MPH. ALL TAPER LENGTHS, BUFFER LENGTHS, AND CHANNELIZING SHALL BE BASED ON THIS SPEED.
  - 10. SAFE ACCESS TO ALL EXISTING PUBLIC ROADWAYS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
  - 11. CONSTRUCTION AFTER DARK SHALL OCCUR WITH FLOODLIGHTS BEING UTILIZED WHERE EXISTING LIGHT IS NOT ADEQUATE. THE FLOODLIGHTS SHALL NOT CREATE A DISTRACTING GLARE TO ADJACENT DRIVERS.
  - 12. ALL FLAGGERS SHALL BE STATE CERTIFIED AND HAVE THEIR CERTIFICATION CARD IN THEIR POSSESSION WHEN PERFORMING FLAGGING DUTIES.
  - 13. A TRUCK WITH EITHER AN ARROW BOARD OPERATING IN THE CAUTION MODE SHALL BE PARKED 50' TO 100' IN ADVANCE OF THE WORK CREW.
  - 14. CHANNELIZING DEVICES SUCH AS CONES OR BARRELS SHALL BE UTILIZED WHERE REQUIRED AND FOLLOW THE WORK AREA PROTECTION MANUAL.
  - 15. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ALL EXISTING ROADWAY SIGNAGE DURING ALL PHASES OF THIS PROJECT.

### Typical Traffic Control Lane Closure on a Two-Lane Roadway Using Flaggers (Figure TTC-23.2)

#### NOTES

#### Guidance:

1. Sign spacing distance should be 350'-500' where the posted speed limit is 45 mph or less, and 500'-800' where the posted speed limit is greater than 45 mph.
2. Care should be exercised when establishing the limits of the work zone to insure maximum possible sight distance in advance of the flagger station and transition, based on the posted speed limit and at least equal to or greater than the values in Table 6H-3. Generally speaking, motorists should have a clear line of sight from the graphic flagger symbol sign to the flagger.
3. To maintain efficient traffic flow in a flagging operation on a two-lane roadway, the maximum time motorists can be stopped at a flagger station is 8 minutes for high volume roadways (average daily traffic of 500 or more vehicles per day) to a maximum 12 minutes for low volume roadways (less than 500 vehicles per day). For additional information see Section 6E.07.

#### Standard:

4. Portable Temporary Rumble Strips (PTRS) shall be used as noted in Section 6F.99.<sup>2</sup>
5. Flagging stations shall be located far enough in advance of the work space to permit approaching traffic to reduce speed and/or stop before passing the work space and allow sufficient distance for departing traffic in the left lane to return to the right lane before reaching opposing traffic (see Table 6H-3 on Page 6H-5).
6. All flaggers shall be state certified and have their certification card in their possession when performing flagging duties (see Section 6E.01, Qualifications for Flaggers).
7. Cone spacing shall be based on the posted speed and the value in Table 6H-4 on Page 6H-6.<sup>1</sup>
8. A shadow vehicle with at least one high intensity amber rotating, flashing, or<sup>1</sup> oscillating light shall be parked 80'-120' in advance of the first work crew.

#### Option:

8. A SLOW (W21-V10) sign<sup>2</sup> may be required in this area to give advance warning of the operation ahead by slowing approaching traffic prior to reaching the flagger station or queued traffic.

#### Guidance:

9. If the queue of traffic reaches the BE PREPARED TO STOP (W3-4) sign then the signs, and if used the PTRS<sup>1</sup> should be readjusted at greater distances.
10. When a highway-rail crossing exists within or upstream of the transition area and it is anticipated that queues resulting from the lane closure might extend through the highway-rail grade crossing, the temporary traffic control zone should be extended so that the transition area precedes the highway-rail crossing (see Figure TTC-56 for additional information on highway-rail crossings).

#### Standard:

11. At night, flagger stations shall be illuminated, except in emergencies (see Section 6E.08).
12. Cones may be eliminated when using a pilot vehicle operation or when the total roadway width is 20 feet or less.
13. For low-volume situations with short work zones on straight roadways where the flagger is visible to road users approaching from both directions, a single flagger, positioned to be visible to road users approaching from both directions, may be used (see Chapter 6E).

#### Standard:

14. When used, three portable temporary rumble (PTRS) strips shall be installed across the entire travel lane adjacent to the BE PREPARED TO STOP (W3-4) sign. The portable temporary rumble strips shall be monitored and adjusted as necessary during the work shift to ensure proper placement on the roadway. When the PTRS are installed, the RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD (W20-V26) sign shall also be utilized.

1: Revision 1 - 4/1/2015  
2: Revision 2 - 9/1/2019

### Lane Closure on a Two-Lane Roadway Using Flaggers (Figure TTC-23.2)

#### NOTES

#### Guidance:

1. Sign spacing distance should be 350'-500' where the posted speed limit is 45 mph or less, and 500'-800' where the posted speed limit is greater than 45 mph.

#### Standard:

2. Care should be exercised when establishing the limits of the work zone to insure maximum possible sight distance in advance of the flagger station and transition, based on the posted speed limit and at least equal to or greater than the values in Table 6H-3. Generally speaking, motorists should have a clear line of sight from the graphic flagger symbol sign to the flagger.

#### Option:

3. To maintain efficient traffic flow in a flagging operation on a two-lane roadway, the maximum time motorists can be stopped at a flagger station is 8 minutes for high volume roadways (average daily traffic of 500 or more vehicles per day) to a maximum 12 minutes for low volume roadways (less than 500 vehicles per day). For additional information see Section 6E.07.

#### Guidance:

4. When a highway-rail crossing exists within or upstream of the transition area and it is anticipated that queues resulting from the lane closure might extend through the highway-rail grade crossing, the temporary traffic control zone should be extended so that the transition area precedes the highway-rail crossing (see Figure TTC-56 for additional information on highway-rail crossings).

#### Standard:

5. At night, flagger stations shall be illuminated, except in emergencies (see Section 6E.08).

#### Option:

6. Cones may be eliminated when using a pilot vehicle operation or when the total roadway width is 20 feet or less.

#### Guidance:

7. For low-volume situations with short work zones on straight roadways where the flagger is visible to road users approaching from both directions, a single flagger, positioned to be visible to road users approaching from both directions, may be used (see Chapter 6E).

#### Standard:

8. When used, three portable temporary rumble (PTRS) strips shall be installed across the entire travel lane adjacent to the BE PREPARED TO STOP (W3-4) sign. The portable temporary rumble strips shall be monitored and adjusted as necessary during the work shift to ensure proper placement on the roadway. When the PTRS are installed, the RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD (W20-V26) sign shall also be utilized.

#### Standard:

9. When a highway-rail crossing exists within or upstream of the transition area and it is anticipated that queues resulting from the lane closure might extend through the highway-rail grade crossing, the temporary traffic control zone should be extended so that the transition area precedes the highway-rail crossing (see Figure TTC-56 for additional information on highway-rail crossings).

#### Option:

10. At night, flagger stations shall be illuminated, except in emergencies (see Section 6E.08).

#### Guidance:

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#### Standard:

12. Cones may be eliminated when using a pilot vehicle operation or when the total roadway width is 20 feet or less.

#### Option:

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#### Guidance:

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#### Standard:

15. At night, flagger stations shall be illuminated, except in emergencies (see Section 6E.08).

#### Option:

16. Cones may be eliminated when using a pilot vehicle operation or when the total roadway width is 20 feet or less.

#### Guidance:

17. For low-volume situations with short work zones on straight roadways where the flagger is visible to road users approaching from both directions, a single flagger, positioned to be visible to road users approaching from both directions, may be used (see Chapter 6E).

#### Standard:

18. When used, three portable temporary rumble (PTRS) strips shall be installed across the entire travel lane adjacent to the BE PREPARED TO STOP (W3-4) sign. The portable temporary rumble strips shall be monitored and adjusted as necessary during the work shift to ensure proper placement on the roadway. When the PTRS are installed, the RUMBLE STRIPS AHEAD (W20-V26) sign shall also be utilized.

#### Standard:

19. When a highway-rail crossing exists within or upstream of the transition area and it is anticipated that queues resulting from the lane closure might extend through the highway-rail grade crossing, the temporary traffic control zone should be extended so that the transition area precedes the highway-rail crossing (see Figure TTC-56 for additional information on highway-rail crossings).

#### Option:

20. At night, flagger stations shall be illuminated, except in emergencies (see Section 6E.08).

#### Guidance:

21. When a highway-rail crossing exists within or upstream of the transition area and it is anticipated that queues resulting from the lane closure might extend through the highway-rail grade crossing, the temporary traffic control zone should be extended so that the transition area precedes the highway-rail crossing (see Figure TTC-56 for additional information on highway-rail crossings).

#### Standard:

22. Cones may be eliminated when using a pilot vehicle operation or when the total roadway width is 20 feet or less.

#### Option:

23. For low-volume situations with short work zones on straight roadways where the flagger is visible to road users approaching from both directions, a single flagger, positioned to be visible to road users approaching from both directions, may be used (see Chapter 6E).

#### Guidance:

24. When a highway-rail crossing exists within or upstream of the transition area and it is anticipated that queues resulting from the lane closure might extend through the highway-rail grade crossing, the temporary traffic control zone should be extended so that the transition area precedes the highway-rail crossing (see Figure TTC-56 for additional information on highway-rail crossings).

#### Standard:

25. At night, flagger stations shall be illuminated, except in emergencies (see Section 6E.08).

#### Option:

26. Cones may be eliminated when using a pilot vehicle operation or when the total roadway width is 20 feet or less.

#### Guidance:

27. For low-volume situations with short work zones on straight roadways where the flagger is visible to road users approaching from both directions, a single flagger, positioned to be visible to road users approaching from both directions, may be used (see Chapter 6E).